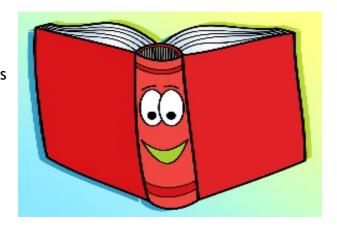


If you only have 15 minutes ...

Words have tremendous power. Whether spoken or written, they can incite people to action and evoke many emotions. Therefore, the choice of words is and should be a calculated, carefully crafted process. Consider two figures of speech employed in the process of communication, the metaphor and the idiom.

 A metaphor is a statement of comparison between two things that does not use the words "like" or "as". For example, "She is an open book." This statement doesn't imply that she is a book personified but



rather that she has nothing to hide. Other common metaphors are, "He has a heart of gold," or "She is such a couch potato".

Personification is a specific type of metaphor that compares an inanimate object to a person. By giving the non-living thing human characteristics, the vivid description serves to evoke an emotional connection within the reader and simultaneously become more invested and connected with the story or information provided within the writing. Some examples are, "The trees danced in the wind," or "The sun smiled down upon us with love and warmth." An idiom is a phrase or saying that has a different meaning than its literal meaning, especially perplexing when learning a new language. For example, "It's raining cats and dogs," doesn't mean that animals are falling from clouds in the sky. It whimsically



portrays the concept that it is pouring down rain. Other common idioms are, "The early bird gets the worm," and "Curiosity killed the cat".

- Read through the article carefully and find at least three examples of metaphors or idioms within the text.
- o Identify each statement as a metaphor or idiom
- Briefly explain the author's intended meaning for each metaphor and idiom that you find.¹

Example From Text	Metaphor or Idiom?	Intended Meaning

Common Core Standard(s) Met:

CCRA.L.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading and listening.

CCRA.L.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

CCRA.R.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

1 Answers may vary. See possible answers below.

	I Answers may vary. See possible answers below.				
Example From Text	Metaphor or Idiom?	Intended Meaning			
People spoke about how the	Metaphor-personification.	The original bridge was			
"Old Man" had fallen.		destroyed in the 1992-1995 war			
		in Bosnia. The people referred			
		to it endearingly as the Old			
		Man, even connecting it as an			
		important ancestor upon which			
		the culture was built and			
		depended.			
Many recalled how the "drops	Metaphor-personification	The seeping of red mortar used			
of blood" during the bridge's	Metaphor personnication	for waterproofing looked as if			
destruction oozed out of the		the bridge was bleeding further			
ruins.		exemplifying that the people			
		were emotionally connected			
		with the bridge as an ancestor.			
		3			
But that sense of peace was	Metaphor	Breaking of something physical,			
shattered during the 1992-1995		like shattered glass, is			
war in Bosnia, following the		compared to the outbreak of			
breakup of Yugoslavia.		chaos in war.			
The city's fabric is woven into	Metaphor	The culture and heritage of the			
every piece, culture and		people of Mostar is compared to			
heritage are inseparable from		a cloth. Like a quilt, the fabric			
the towering arch that		of Mostar is sewn together with			
transcends the Neretva River.		the Old Bridge.			
Even in the depth of winter	Idiom	The depth of winter refers to			
Even in the <i>depth of winter</i> ,	IGIOM	The depth of winter refers to			
they delight the ever-increasing numbers of tourists and locals		the middle of winter season,			
		when temperatures and weather are at the most			
who wait in anticipation of a					
jump.		extreme.			

The loss of the bridge	Idiom	There is no hope or possibility
extinguished any semblance of		of a positive consequence.
hope in the population that had		
endured months of shelling and		
killing.		